## Essential Content Framework

## A Beginning-of-Year Success Plan for Educators Go Math! Accelerated 7

As schools enter the 2020-2021 academic year, educators will be challenged with meeting students' needs for the current calendar year while addressing learning gaps produced as a result of COVID-19 related school closures.

Working with the International Center for Leadership in Education (ICLE), HMH has identified the highest priority standards for you to focus on. These priority standards are built from hundreds of projects with thousands of educators around the country, which consistently show that prioritizing standards results in learning gains for ALL students, particularly students who are behind, and regardless of whether they have experienced disrupted learning.

Using these priority standards, HMH has developed this HMH Essential Content Framework as a guidance document as educators use the Go Math! planning resources and tools to guide their instruction beginning in Fall 2020.

The enclosed HMH Essential Content Framework allows educators to focus on those standards most critical to a student's success in achieving grade level proficiency and above, as well as providing specific content from the prior grade that can be used for scaffolding and reteaching.

Use this Essential Content Framework in conjunction with your school or district's scope and sequence documentation to identify critical skills, on-grade lessons, and expected prior-year learning that supports these standards.

## Determining Student Needs

## Understand the Options

Get to know what skill strengths and challenges your students are bringing to the classroom at the beginning of the year.

- Consult data or feedback from the last academic year. Reach out to the previous grade's teachers to find out whether there are any tips that you should consider as you start the year.
- The Assessment Resources ancillary for Accelerated 7 includes a Placement Test that is correlated to Grade 6 standards and allows you to create an Individual Student Profile showing what students know at the start of the school year.
- As you begin each module in Accelerated 7, use the Are You Ready? quiz to diagnose students' preparedness for the module. The quiz focuses on prerequisite skills for the module, and students who need help with those skills can get it through the Differentiated Instruction ancillary, which includes Differentiated interventions.

| ARE YOU READY? Diagnostic Assessment |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use to determine if students need intervention for the module's prerequisite skills. |  |  |  |  |
| Skill | Missed More Than... |  | Intervene With Skills Intervention worksheets (available online) | For Enrichment Differentiated Instruction (available in print and online) |
| Compare Whole Numbers | 1 question | Skill 4 | Compare Whole Numbers | Module 1 Challenge Extend-the-Math Lesson Activities in TE |
| Order Whole Numbers | 1 question | Skill 5 | Order Whole Numbers | Module 1 Challenge Extend-the-Math Lesson Activities in TE |
| Locate Numbers on a Number Line | 1 question | Skill 6 Numbe | Locate Numbers on a Line | Module 1 Challenge Extend-the-Math Lesson Activities in TE |

- You can use the Personal Math Trainer on my.hrw.com to administer the Are You Ready? quizzes and other assessments.
(1) Parsonal Math Trainer Module 5-Are You Ready? - Assessment


Solve the equation using the inverse operation.
$4 p=36$
$p=\square$

- Throughout the course, you can use the Personal Math Trainer to give homework assignments that include learning aids such as feedback, worked-out examples, step-by-step interactive solutions, access to a PDF of the textbook, and Math on the Spot videos.
- Special types of homework assignments available with the Personal Math Trainer provide personalized intervention that is delivered either before or after the assignments.


## Please choose an assignment type:

| Category: | $\checkmark$ Daily Intervention | Submit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Grade: | Standard-Based Intervention <br> Course Intervention | Create |
| Show c | Tests and Quizzes <br> Homework |  |

- When students use the Personal Math Trainer, you can generate a variety of reports of student performance.


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Please choose a Class and a Book:

| Class: | Select a Class... | $\hat{v}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Book: | Select a Book... | $\hat{v}$ |

## Reports

## Class Comprehensive Overview:

View results for cumulative information.

## Class Progress Report:

View results for Tests and Quizzes, Homework and Teacher Created Assignments posted on Holt McDougal Online. Drill down from the Class Progress Report to see details for individual Students or individual assignments.

## Quick Reports:

View a quick overview of class results for assignments and against standards progress. Drill down to see performance by a class on an individual assignment or by an individual student across multiple assignments.

## Knewton Analytics Report

View Knewton analytics report for this class.

## Daily Intervention:

View results for online Daily Intervention assignments based on textbook objectives. Drill down from the Class Intervention Report to see details for individual assignments or individual students.

## Standards:

View test and quiz results correlated to state or national standards.

## Course Intervention

View results for online Intervention assignments based on textbook objectives. Drill
down from the Class Intervention Report to see details for individual assignments or individual students.

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## Review Priority Skills and Standards

Organized in a way to supplement the Go Math! Planning and Pacing Guides, this Essential Content Framework is intended to provide instructional plans and access to interventions that will allow for students' learning gaps to be addressed throughout the school year.

- Identify the on grade-level lessons aligned with the HMH Priority Standards and, based on what you know about your class assessment reports, choose those prior-year lessons most appropriate for the majority of students in your class.
- Prior to beginning a module, use the on-grade lesson's Show what you know, Lesson Quick Check, and assessments to identify any learning gaps among the students, then use resources from the prior-year lessons online and in your teacher materials to address these learning gaps.
- Based on your findings, use the Differentiated Instruction, Prerequisite Skills activities, and RtI Intervention Options for each module to meet the students' needs.
- During a lesson, use the Formative Assessment options from each lesson to determine the student's current success with the lesson's learning objective.
- lesson's learning objective.


## Using this Essential Content Framework

The Essential Content Framework that follows is for Go Math! Accelerated 7 and covers those HMH Priority Standards identified for Accelerated 7. Each HMH Priority Standard is followed by the lessons within the Go Math! modules that address that priority standard.

For each on-grade HMH Priority Standard, the prior learning lessons are also listed, allowing you to identify Go Math! resources you can use to prepare students for the on-grade level lessons.

Modules 1, 2, 17, 19, and 21 of Go Math! Accelerated 7 do not cover an HMH Priority Standard. You should consider your own school's or district's scope and sequence to decide when to teach these modules.

## Accelerated 7 Priority Standards and Prerequisite Learning Lessons

| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.EE. 4 | Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities. See also 7.EE.4.a, 7.EE.4.b | $\begin{aligned} & 6.2,6.3,6.4,7.1, \\ & 7.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grade } 6 \text { Lessons 10.1, } \\ & 10.3,11.1,11.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7.EE.4.a | Solve word problems leading to equations of the form $p x+q=r$ and $p(x+q)=r$, where $p, q$, and $r$ are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach. For example, the perimeter of a rectangle is 54 cm . Its length is 6 cm . What is its width? | 6.4 | Grade 6 Lessons 11.2, 11.3 |
| 7.EE.4.b | Solve word problems leading to inequalities of the form $p x+q>r$ or $p x+q<r$, where $p, q$, and $r$ are specific rational numbers. Graph the solution set of the inequality and interpret it in the context of the problem. For example: As a salesperson, you are paid $\$ 50$ per week plus $\$ 3$ per sale. This week you want your pay to be at least $\$ 100$. Write an inequality for the number of sales you need to make, and describe the solutions. | 7.3 | Grade 6 Lesson 11.4 |

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| Grade-Level <br> Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 <br> Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7.G.1 | Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric <br> figures, including computing actual lengths and areas <br> from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at <br> a different scale. | 8.1 | Grade 5 Lesson 7.7 |
| 7.G.6 | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving <br> area, volume and surface area of two- and three- <br> dimensional objects composed of triangles, <br> quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms. | $9.3,9.4,9.5$ | Grade 6 Lesson 7.2 |


| Grade-Level <br> Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 <br> Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7.RP.3 | Use proportional relationships to solve multistep ratio <br> and percent problems. Examples: simple interest, tax, <br> markups and markdowns, gratuities and commissions, <br> fees, percent increase and decrease, percent error. | $5.1,5.2,5.3$ | Grade 5 Lesson 7.7 |
| 7.SP.2 | Use data from a random sample to draw inferences <br> about a population with an unknown characteristic of <br> interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated <br> samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in <br> estimates or predictions. For example, estimate the <br> mean word length in a book by randomly sampling <br> words from the book; predict the winner of a school <br> election based on randomly sampled survey data. Gauge <br> how far off the estimate or prediction might be. | $11.2,11.3$ | Grade 6 Lessons 7.2, 8.1, |
| $8.2,8.3$ |  |  |  |

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| Grade-Level <br> Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 <br> Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7.SP.7b | Develop a probability model (which may not be <br> uniform) by observing frequencies in data generated <br> from a chance process. For example, find the <br> approximate probability that a spinning penny will land <br> heads up or that a tossed paper cup will land open-end <br> down. Do the outcomes for the spinning penny appear <br> to be equally likely based on the observed frequencies? | 12.2 | Accelerated 7 Lessons <br> $11.1,11.2,11.3,12.1$ |
| 7.SP.8b | Represent sample spaces for compound events using <br> methods such as organized lists, tables and tree <br> diagrams. For an event described in everyday language <br> (e.g., "rolling double sixes"), identify the outcomes in <br> the sample space which compose the event. | $12.3,13.2$ | Accelerated 7 Lessons <br> $12.1,12.2,13.1$ |
| 8.EE.2 | Use square root and cube root symbols to represent <br> solutions to equations of the form x2 $=$ p and x3 $=$ p, <br> where p is a positive rational number. Evaluate square <br> roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small <br> perfect cubes. Know that v2 is irrational. | 14.1 | Grade 6 Lesson 9.1 |
| 8.EE.4 | Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific <br> notation, including problems where both decimal and <br> scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and <br> choose units of appropriate size for measurements of <br> very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters <br> per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific <br> notation that has been generated by technology | 15.4 | Grade 6 Lesson 9.1 |

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| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 <br> Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.EE. 5 | Graph proportional relationships, interpreting the unit rate as the slope of the graph. Compare two different proportional relationships represented in different ways. For example, compare a distance-time graph to a distance-time equation to determine which of two moving objects has greater speed. | 16.1, 16.2, 16.3 | Grade 6 Lessons 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 7.1 <br> Accelerated 7 Lesson 4.3 |
| 8.EE.7b | Solve linear equations with rational number coefficients, including equations whose solutions require expanding expressions using the distributive property and collecting like terms. | 18.1, 18.2, 18.3 | Grade 6 Lessons 11.2, 11.3 <br> Accelerated 7 Lessons 6.2, 6.4 |
| 8.G.5 | Use informal arguments to establish facts about the angle sum and exterior angle of triangles, about the angles created when parallel lines are cut by a transversal, and the angle-angle criterion for similarity of triangles. For example, arrange three copies of the same triangle so that the sum of the three angles appears to form a line, and give an argument in terms of transversals why this is so. | 21.1, 21.2, 21.3 | Accelerated 7 Lesson 8.4 |

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| Grade-Level <br> Priority Standard | Priority Standards Text | Current <br> Accelerated 7 <br> Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8.NS.2 | Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to <br> compare the size of irrational numbers, locate them <br> approximately on a number line diagram, and estimate <br> the value of expressions (e.g., $\pi 2)$. For example, by <br> truncating the decimal expansion of 2 , show that $\sqrt{2} 2$ <br> between 1 and 2, then between 1.4 and 1.5, and explain <br> how to continue on to get better approximations. | 14.1,14.3 | Grade 6 Lesson 3.3 |
|  | Accelerated 7 Lesson 3.1 |  |  |

